



NICOA'S  
*Monograph Series*

Volume 3 - Number 3

American Indians  
and Alaska Natives  
in the 2000 U.S. Census  
Part I

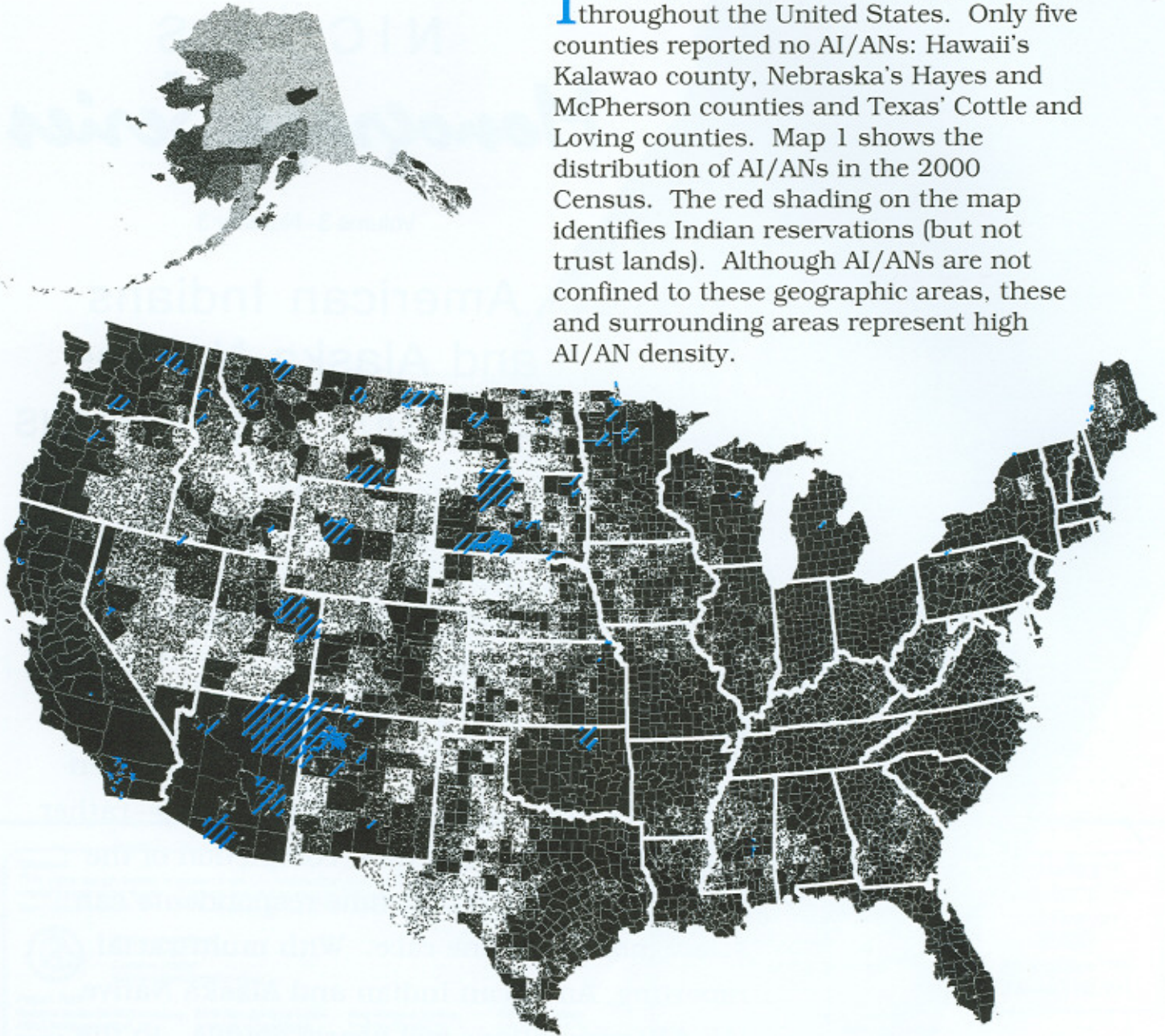
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**T**he U.S. 2000 Census has broken new ground. Not only has the data been made available within months—rather than years—after completion of the Census, but for the first time respondents can select more than one race. With multi-racial reporting, American Indian and Alaska Native (AI/AN) populations will nearly double. In the 1990 Census, where only one race could be selected, 2,015,143 respondents self-reported as AI/ANs. In the 2000 Census, this number increased to 2,475,956 along with an additional 1,643,345 AI/ANs who reported being of more than one race.



## Map 1: Total AI/ANs by County in the 2000 Census Indian Reservations in Red

In the 2000 Census, AI/ANs were spread throughout the United States. Only five counties reported no AI/ANs: Hawaii's Kalawao county, Nebraska's Hayes and McPherson counties and Texas' Cottle and Loving counties. Map 1 shows the distribution of AI/ANs in the 2000 Census. The red shading on the map identifies Indian reservations (but not trust lands). Although AI/ANs are not confined to these geographic areas, these and surrounding areas represent high AI/AN density.



Maps 2, 3 and 4 represent sub-groups of AI/ANs by age. These maps show that although 503,809 AI/AN children are dispersed broadly throughout the nation, the greatest concentration of older AI/ANs is on reservations, trust lands and in pockets along the eastern and western seaboards.

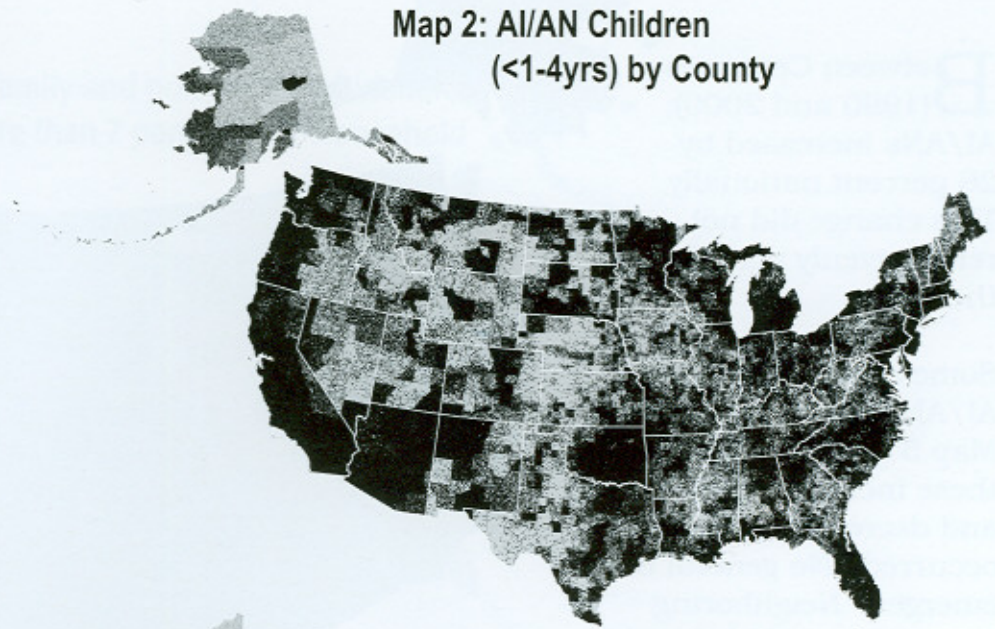
Footnote: Unless otherwise stated, all data for AI/ANs refers to 2000 Census respondents who selected AI/AN exclusively as their race. Throughout this monograph each dot represents one AI/AN. References to counties also denote boroughs and Census Areas in Alaska.



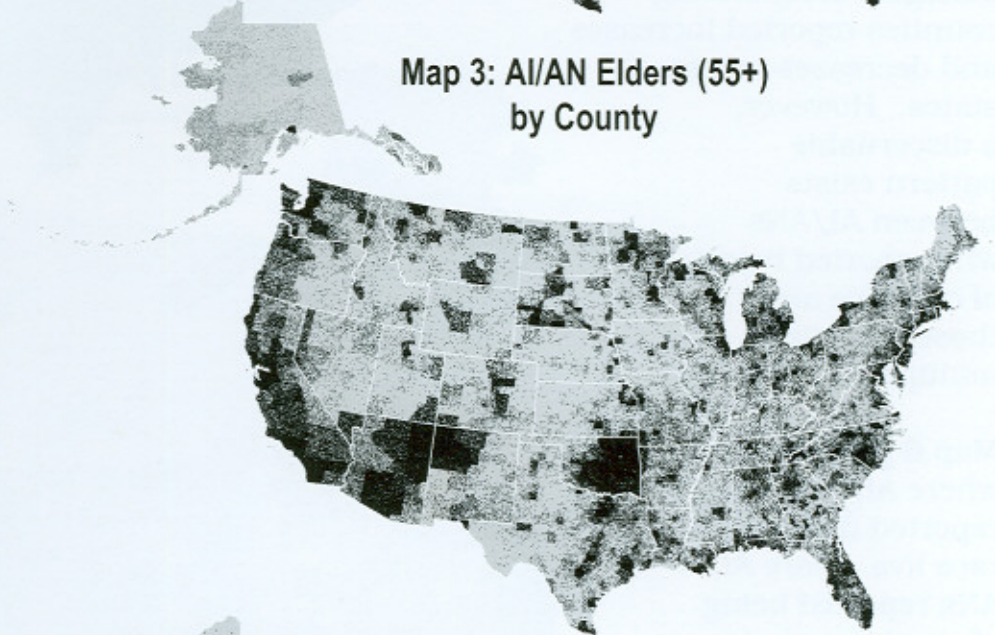
**Table 1: Top Counties with AI/ANs**

State, County/ Borough	AI/AN	% AI/AN
CA, Los Angeles	76988	0.9
AZ, Maricopa	56706	1.9
NM, McKinley	55892	76.7
AZ, Apache	53375	78.0
NC, Robeson	46896	38.6
AZ, Navajo	46532	48.7
NM, San Juan	41968	37.9
AZ, Coconino	33161	29.2
OK, Tulsa	29316	5.4
AZ, Pima	27178	3.3
CA, San Diego	24337	0.9
NM, Bernalillo	23175	4.3
OK, Oklahoma	22598	3.6
CA, San Bernardino	19915	1.2
CA, Orange	19906	0.7
AK, Anchorage	18941	7.7
CA, Riverside	18168	1.2
WA, King	15922	1.0
IL, Cook	15496	0.3
TX, Harris	15180	0.5
NM, Sandoval	14634	16.9
AZ, Pinal	14034	8.0
OK, Cherokee	13787	35.1
CA, Sacramento	13359	1.2
AK, Bethel	13114	85.2
CA, Fresno	12790	1.7
TX, Dallas	12499	0.6
SD, Shannon	11743	95.1
NY, Bronx	11371	0.9
CA, Santa Clara	11350	0.7
TX, Bexar	11193	0.8
MN, Hennepin	11163	1.0
NY, Queens	11077	0.5
NV, Clark	10895	0.8
OK, Muskogee	10331	15.9
NM, Cibola	10319	41.7
NY, Kings	10117	0.4
CA, Kern	9999	1.6
ND, Rolette	9983	74.2
WA, Yakima	9966	4.6
WA, Pierce	9963	1.5
OK, Cleveland	9162	4.6
CA, Alameda	9146	0.7
OK, Adair	8938	45.9
OK, Rogers	8533	12.9
TX, Tarrant	8300	0.6
OK, Delaware	8273	23.9
WA, Snohomish	8250	1.4
MT, Glacier	8186	63.3
MN, Beltrami	8071	20.7

**Map 2: AI/AN Children (<1-4yrs) by County**



**Map 3: AI/AN Elders (55+) by County**



**Map 4: AI/AN Old Elders (85+) by County**

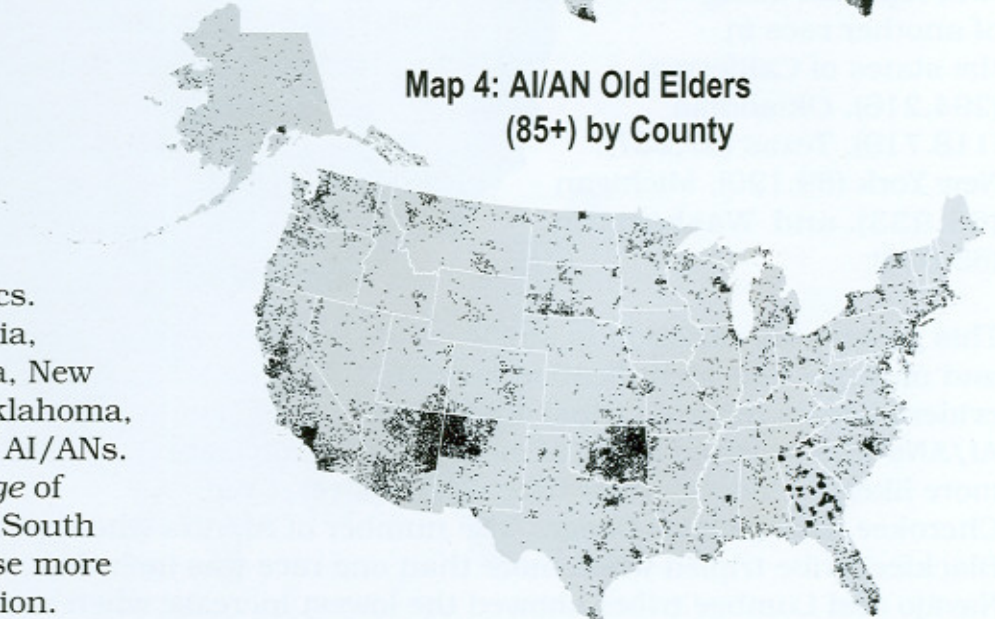
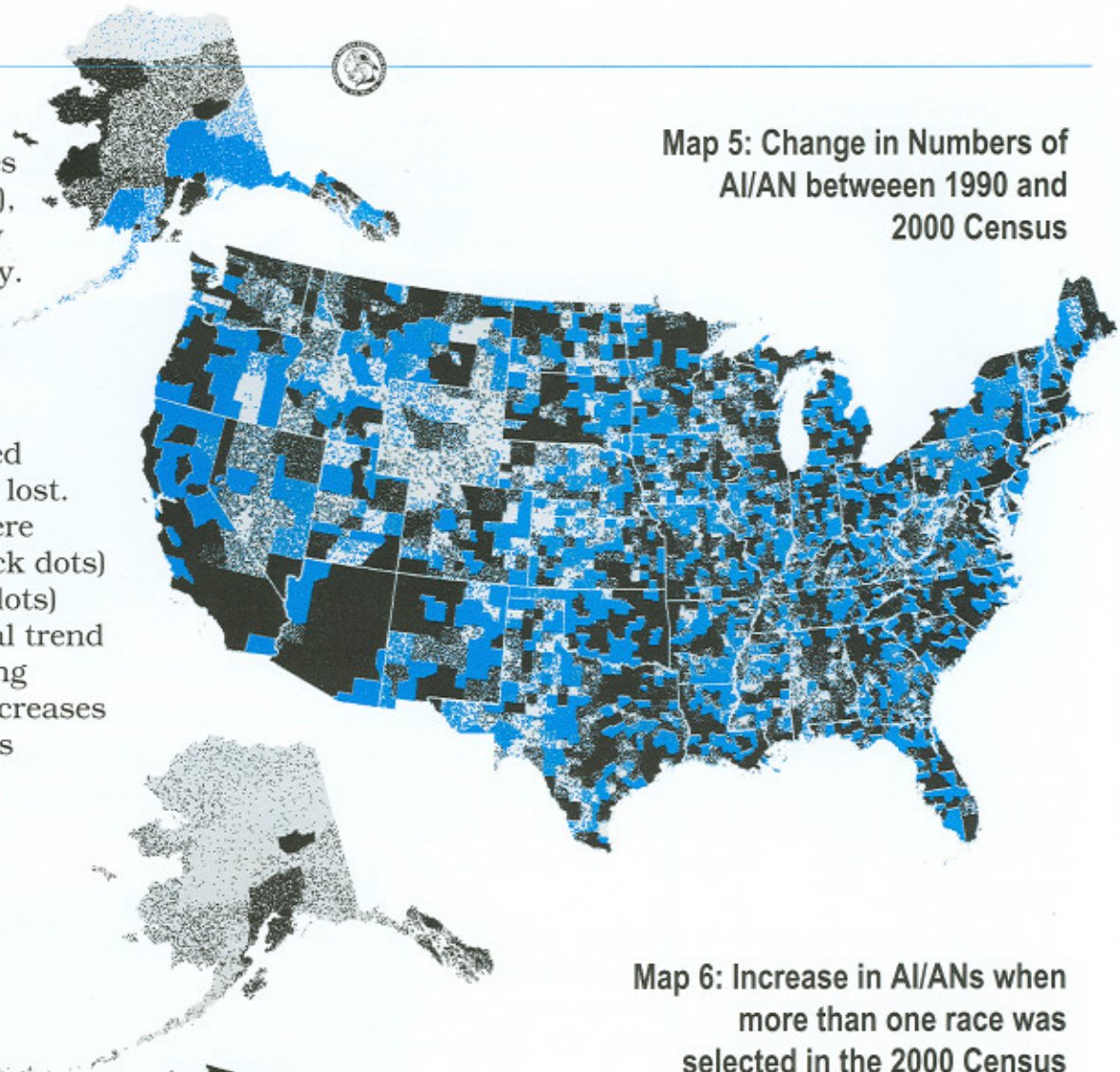


Table 1 reports county statistics. Los Angeles county in California, followed by counties in Arizona, New Mexico, North Carolina and Oklahoma, exhibits the highest *number* of AI/ANs. However, the highest *percentage* of AI/ANs is in Shannon county, South Dakota, where AI/ANs comprise more than 95 percent of the population.



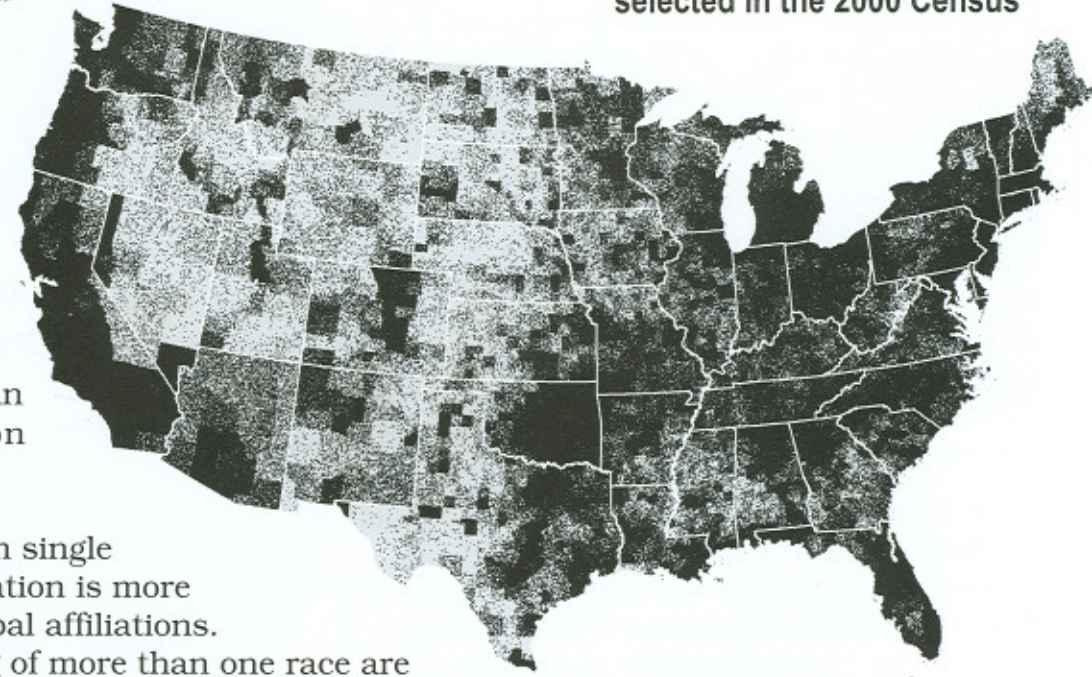
**B**etween Censuses (1990 and 2000), AI/ANs increased by 26 percent nationally. This change did not reflect evenly across the U.S.

**Map 5: Change in Numbers of AI/AN between 1990 and 2000 Census**



Some counties gained AI/ANs while others lost. Map 5 identifies where these increases (black dots) and decreases (red dots) occurred. No general trend emerges. Neighboring counties reported increases and decreases across states. However, a discernable pattern exists between AI/ANs who reported being of one race and those reporting multiple races.

**Map 6: Increase in AI/ANs when more than one race was selected in the 2000 Census**



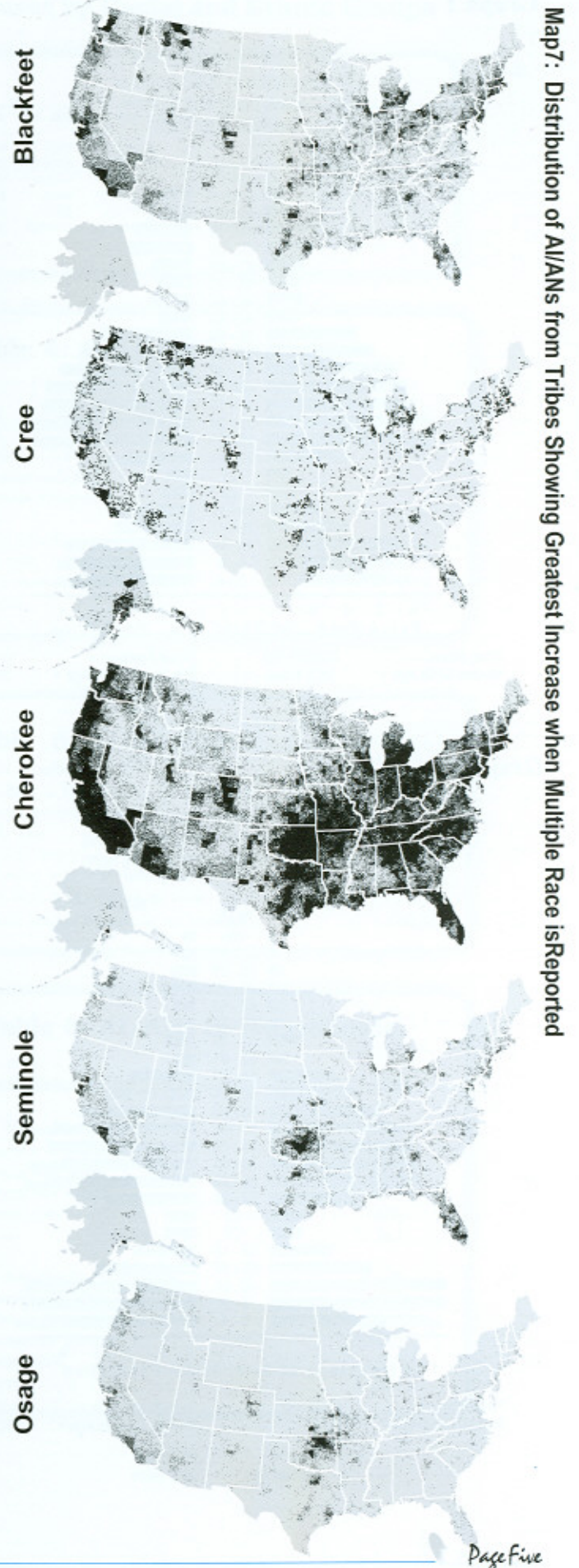
Map 6 portrays where AI/ANs who reported multiple race live. More AI/ANs reported being of another race in the states of California (294,216), Oklahoma (118,719), Texas (97,237), New York (89,120), Michigan (65,933), and Washington (65,639).

This geographic variation in single and multiple race identification is more evident across reported tribal affiliations.

AI/ANs who reported being of more than one race are more likely to identify their tribe as Blackfeet, Cree, Cherokee, Seminole or Osage. The number of AI/ANs who reported being of the Blackfeet tribe tripled when more than one race was included. On the other hand, Navajo and Lumbee tribes showed the lowest increase when multiple races were

**Table 2: Multiple Race by Reported Tribal Affiliation**

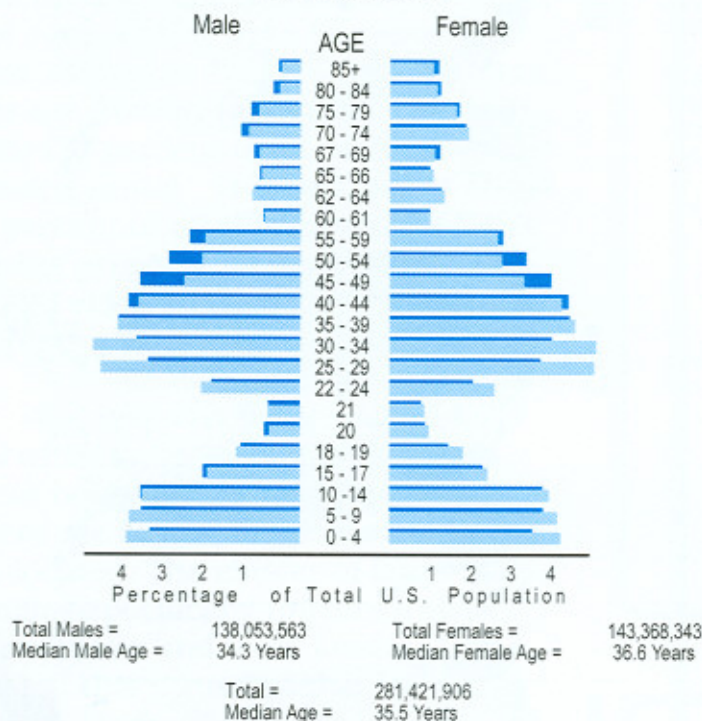
	AI/AN only, 1 Tribe or none listed	AI/AN only, 1 + Tribe	AI/AN Plus Other Race, 1+ Tribe	Percent Increase when Multiple Race
Total tribal members	423,457	2,528,671	4,230,356	175
<b>Total reported members of</b>				
<b>American Indian Tribes</b>	<b>1,705,935</b>	<b>1,806,163</b>	<b>2,852,380</b>	<b>167</b>
Apache	57,060	64,977	96,833	170
Blackfeet	27,104	31,462	85,750	316
Cherokee	281,069	299,862	729,533	260
Cheyenne	11,191	12,556	18,204	163
Chickasaw	20,887	23,901	38,351	184
Chippewa	105,907	108,637	149,669	141
Choctaw	87,349	96,901	158,774	182
Colville	7,833	8,026	9,393	120
Comanche	10,120	11,688	19,376	191
Cree	2,488	3,212	7,734	311
Creek	40,223	45,718	71,310	177
Crow	9,117	9,691	13,394	147
Delaware	8,304	8,906	16,341	197
Houma	6,798	6,877	8,713	128
Iroquois	45,212	47,530	80,822	179
Kiowa	8,559	9,689	12,242	143
Latin American Indians	104,354	106,204	180,940	173
Lumbee	51,913	52,555	57,868	111
Menominee	7,883	8,141	9,840	125
Navajo	269,202	275,991	298,197	111
Osage	7,658	9,012	15,897	208
Ottawa	6,432	7,055	10,677	166
Paiute	9,705	10,868	13,532	139
Pima	8,519	9,518	11,493	135
Potawatomi	15,817	16,409	25,595	162
Pueblo	59,533	63,060	74,085	124
Puget Sound Salish	11,034	11,260	14,631	133
Seminole	12,431	15,413	27,431	221
Shoshone	7,739	8,453	12,026	155
Sioux	108,272	113,066	153,360	142
Tohono O'odham	17,466	18,180	20,087	115
Ute	7,309	8,024	10,385	142
Yakama	8,481	9,042	10,851	128
Yaqui	15,224	16,469	22,412	147
Yuman	7,295	7,821	8,976	123
All other tribes	240,447	249,989	357,658	149
Not specified	109,644	109,701	195,902	179
<b>Reported tribal members tallied in:</b>				
<b>Total Alaska Native tribes</b>	<b>89,757</b>	<b>94,316</b>	<b>116,915</b>	<b>130</b>
Athabaskan	14,520	15,335	18,838	130
Aleut	11,941	12,773	16,978	142
Eskimo	45,919	47,337	54,761	119
Tlingit-Haida	14,825	15,884	22,365	151
All other tribes	2,552	2,987	3,973	156
Not specified	6,161	6,531	8,702	141
AI/AN tribes not specified	511,960	511,960	1,056,457	206





Graph 1

Population Pyramid for All U.S. Population in 2000 Census (dark bars) and 1990 Census (light bars)



## Age and Household Composition

included.

The American Indian and Alaska Native population is young, with a median age of 29.8 years (28.8 for males, 29.6 females) compared with Whites (35.5 overall, 34.3 for males, 36.6 for females). The population pyramids show the subtle yet distinct differences between AI/ANs and the general U.S. population. Graph 1 shows the overall U.S. population age pyramid, with light red for 1990 Census figures and dark red for 2000 Census figures. Longer bars indicate more people within that age group. The pyramid shows a broad neck at the top (more elderly) and a relative narrow base (fewer children) for the U.S. total population. For the AI/AN population (Graph 2) this changes slightly with a narrow neck at the top (fewer elderly) and a broad base (more children). Subtle differences also exist between males and females, both the general and the AI/AN populations have more elderly females. The graphs show that the AI/AN population is becoming more and more like the U.S. population. The decline in the number of children and the increase in the longevity of elderly will eventually reshape the pyramid into a pillar. With fewer children and increased life expectancy for elders, the proportion of elders in the overall AI/AN populations will increase dramatically.

Graph 2

Population Pyramid for American Indian and Alaska Native Only in 2000 Census (dark bars) and 1990 Census (light bars)

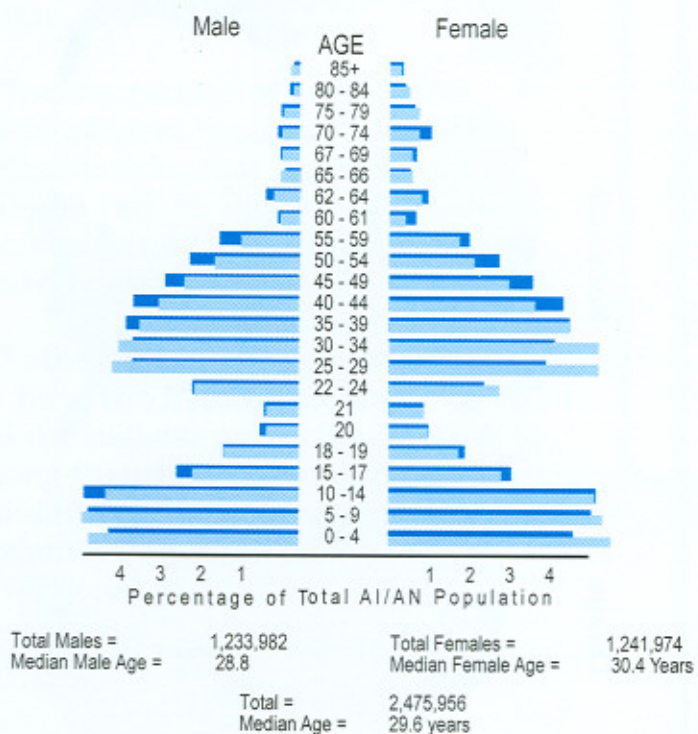


Table 3 shows how this increase in the elderly population compares with other ethnic/racial groups in the U.S. Although AI/AN growth does not compare with the immigrant-based numbers of Asians and Hispanics, AI/AN young elderly (55-84) are increasing faster than those of the White and Black U.S. Populations.



**Table 3: Elderly Population in 1900-2000 Censuses by Racial and Ethnic Groups**

	55-64			65-74			75-84			85+			Total		
	1990	2000	Change	1990	2000	Change	1990	2000	Change	1990	2000	Change	1990	2000	Change
AI/AN	118,990	157,720	133	74,320	85,897	116	33,859	40,254	119	9,544	12,288	129	2,015,143	2,475,956	123
White	18,144,749	20,053,089	111	16,138,327	15,688,418	97	8,971,120	10,938,616	122	2,720,625	3,778,504	139	199,827,064	211,460,626	106
Black	1,995,548	2,370,110	119	1,511,617	1,613,172	107	767,205	896,489	117	222,019	313,289	141	29,930,524	34,658,190	116
Asian	465,524	776,544	167	295,142	494,151	167	118,333	244,148	206	29,099	62,496	215	7,226,986	10,242,998	142
Hispanic	1,166,097	1,710,440	147	450,294	1,076,619	239	194,566	506,264	260	81,645	150,708	185	21,900,089	35,305,818	161
<b>Total</b>	<b>22,286,847</b>	<b>24,274,684</b>	<b>109</b>	<b>18,889,493</b>	<b>18,390,986</b>	<b>97</b>	<b>10,277,005</b>	<b>12,361,180</b>	<b>120</b>	<b>3,084,973</b>	<b>4,239,587</b>	<b>137</b>	<b>272,625,105</b>	<b>281,421,906</b>	<b>103</b>

These differences in the age structure are also reflected in household size and composition (Table 4).

In the 2000 Census, 2.92 persons were reported per AI/AN household. AI/AN household size is greater than those of Whites or for Blacks, the same as for Asians, but less than for Pacific Islanders and other races.

In the 2000 Census, AI/ANs who own their own home reported having larger households. The average size of AI/AN families was 3.42 persons. Three times as many AI/AN females reported being head of the household than AI/AN males (Table 5).

Households can also be composed of non-family members. Among AI/ANs there were 172,881 households where non-relatives formed part of that household (Table 6). The majority of these households with non-relatives included an unmarried partner (around 75,000). The second largest category of AI/AN households included a house- or roommate with 37,161 of AI/AN households, followed by a roomer or boarder with 19,466 households. There were also 9,000 AI/AN households with foster children.

**Table 4: Average Household Size by Race**

White	2.46
Black	2.69
AI/AN	2.92
Owner occupied	3.05
Renter occupied	2.76
Asian	2.92
Pacific Islanders	3.13
Other race	3.57
Two or more races	2.78
Hispanic	3.36

**Table 5: AI/AN Families**

<b>AI/AN Families</b>	<b>560,189</b>
Population in Families	2,005,993
Average family size	3.42
<i>Family Type</i>	
Married family	341,198
Living with other family members	218,991
Male head of household, no wife	58,685
Female head of household, no husband	160,306

**Table 6: AI/ANs in Households**

<b>Non-Relatives in Households</b>	<b>172,881</b>
<b>In Family Households</b>	<b>97,751</b>
Roomer or boarder	10,684
House/roommate	13,287
Unmarried partner	45,045
Foster child	7,868
Other	20,867
<b>In Non-family Households</b>	<b>75,130</b>
Roomer or boarder	8,782
House/roommate	23,874
Unmarried partner	29,913
Foster child	1,330
Other	11,231



With more than 768,000 housing units occupied by AI/ANs—representing 0.7 percent of the total housing market in the U.S.—AI/ANs owned more than 55 percent of these units. As Table 7 shows, elders over age 55 own more than 133,442 units (31 percent of all AI/AN owned housing units). This represents about 45 percent of all elderly AI/ANs (55+) owning property, while 29 percent of the old elderly AI/ANs (85+) owned property.

Large households are associated with traditional families across racial boundaries. Map 8 portrays where the largest families of AI/ANs are located. The cluster of large families specifically mirrors Indian reservations and trust lands. In Alaska, this concentration fell within Calista, Bering Strait, and Nana Alaska Native Regional Corporation boundaries. A less dense pattern emerges for the distribution of institutionalized AI/ANs as illustrated in Map 9.

Concentrations of large AI/AN families in the Texas cities of Dallas, Austin, San Antonio, and Houston require further study, since Texas is a state with only three small Indian reservations.

Table 8 reports on counties that have the highest number of AI/ANs and the highest proportion of AI/ANs among their institutionalized population. These numbers predominantly reflect AI/ANs in correctional institutions.

**Table 7: Occupied Housing Units**

Total AI/AN Population in Occupied Housing Units	2,376,933
AI/AN Population in Owner Occupied Units	1,366,970
AI/AN Population in Renter Occupied Units	1,009,963
Occupied Housing Units in the United States	105,480,101
Total AI/AN Occupied Housing Units	768,778
<b>AI/AN Owner Occupied</b>	<b>426,782</b>
Age of Householder 15 to 25 years	12,389
25 to 34	63,901
35 to 44	112,152
45 to 54	104,898
55 to 64	67,902
65 to 74	41,481
75 to 84	19,301
85+	4,758
<b>Renter Occupied</b>	<b>341,996</b>
Age of Householder 15 to 25 years	44,663
25 to 34	95,275
35 to 44	90,716
45 to 54	58,675
55 to 64	28,408
65 to 74	14,950
75 to 84	7,251
85+	2,058

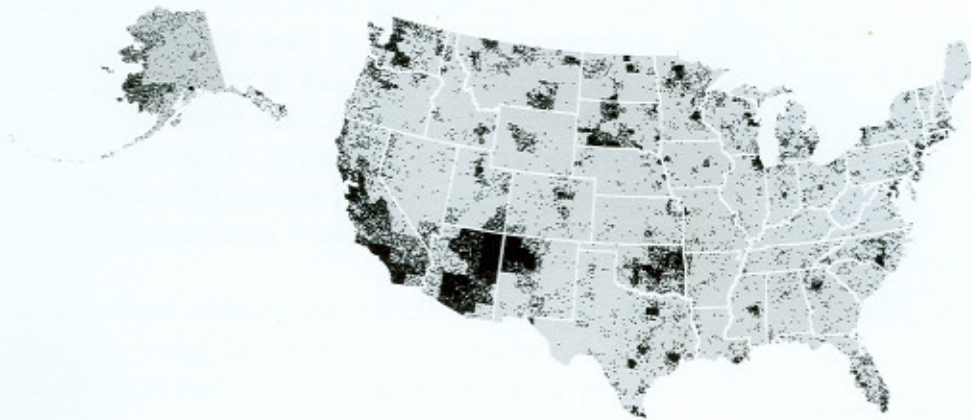
**Table 8: Counties with the Highest Number and Proportion of AI/ANs in Institutions**

	Total in Institutions	AI/ANs in Institutions	% of Total
AZ, Navajo county	1962	566	29
AK, Anchorage borough	1915	541	28
NM, San Juan county	972	474	49
NC, Robeson county	2362	468	20
SD, Minnehaha county	3114	467	15
NM, McKinley county	569	441	78
AZ, Apache county	851	405	48
AK, Kenai Peninsula borough	935	338	36
OK, Pittsburg county	2763	323	12
SD, Hughes county	708	269	38
SD, Pennington county	998	259	26
AK, Matanuska-Susitna borough	695	246	35
MS, Neshoba county	550	210	38





**Map 8: Distribution of family and non-family households of AI/ANs only with more than 7 persons per household**

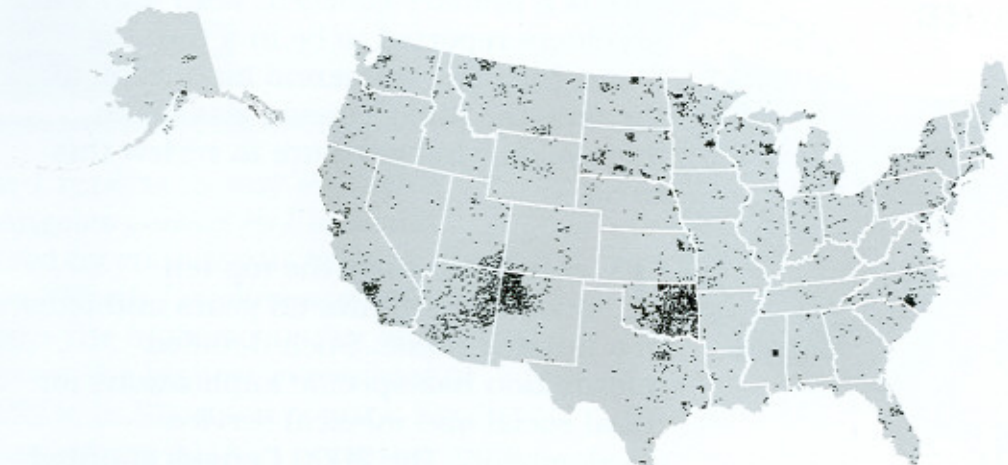


**Map 9 : Distribution of AI/ANs only in Institutions\***

\* Correctional/Juvenile, Nursing homes, Mental/General Hospitals or Wards, Hospice, and other Institutions



**Map 10: Distribution of AI/AN Elders (65 +) who reported being in a Nursing Home, Hospital, or Mental Institution**





**Table 9: Households with AI/AN Elders 65+**

<b>Households with AI/AN Elders 65 +</b>	<b>138,439</b>
In Group Quarters	6,021
In Households	132,418
<b>In Family Households</b>	<b>94,090</b>
Head of Households	53,613
Male 65+ Head of Household	32,891
Female 65+ Head of Household	20,722
Spouse	23,477
Parent	8,792
Other Relative	6,744
Non Relative	1,464
<b>In Non-Family Households</b>	<b>38,328</b>
Male 65 + Living Alone	11,517
Female 65 + Living Alone	22,452

**Table 10: Top Ten Cities with AI/ANs 65+ in Nursing Homes**

	Male	Female	Total
NM, Gallup	50	72	122
NM, Farmington	33	55	88
MS, Pearl River	66	8	74
AZ, Chinle	30	41	71
AZ, Winslow	28	33	61
UT, Blanding	36	21	57
NM, Bloomfield	24	30	54
NC, Lumberton	13	34	47
AK, Anchorage	21	25	46
OK, Tahlequah	12	32	44

Elderly AI/ANs who reported being in a nursing home, hospital or mental institution lived in distinct areas as Map 10 shows. Institutionalized elderly AI/ANs were primarily clustered around the four corners region of New Mexico, Arizona, and Utah, and in eastern Oklahoma. In Alaska, the primary clusters appeared around Juneau. However, most AI/AN elders primarily lived at home as Table 9 portrays.

Although 6,021 households with AI/AN elders were in group quarters—either institutionalized (eg., hospital or correctional facilities) or non-institutionalized settings (eg., military quarters, mental homes, or college campuses)—more than 138,000 family and non-family households included an AI/AN elder (Table 9).

Seventy percent of these were households composed of the elder's family members. In most cases (56 percent), the elders themselves were the head of household with 32,000 male, and 20,000 female heads of households nationwide. In the 2000 Census, 22,452 households of elderly females lived alone—twice the number of male elders.

With the increasing elderly AI/AN population, the provision of elder care is a primary concern. With 4,372 AI/AN elders reported to be in a nursing home, hospital, or mental institution at the time the 2000 Census was taken, there is growing pressure to review this trend.

Table 10 reports the top ten cities with AI/ANs 65 years and older in a nursing home. Such detailed information has specific implications for tribal social and medical service development. The 2000 Census counted 3,666 elderly AI/ANs in nursing



homes, in 1,033 geographic locations throughout the United States. Long-term care for AI/ANs is now one of the many challenges affected by these changing demographics.

Table 11 summarizes some of the data, by states, discussed in this monograph. As data becomes available from the 2000 Census, more detailed information will emerge about the status of AI/ANs in the new Millennium.

Data comes from the Census 2000 Summary Files 1 and 2 which contain the 100 percent data (the information compiled from the questions asked in the Short Form of all U.S. residents and about household composition). Population categories include sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino, household relationship, and group quarters. For further information contact Data Analysis Service.

**Table 11: Summary Table for the 2000 Census Elements By State**

STATE	AI/ANs in 1990 Census	2000 Census AI/ANs Single Race	AI/AN Children ≤14 years	AI/AN Elders 55+	AI/AN Old Elders 85+	Change between 1990/2000 Census	Increase when Multiple race	Blackfeet	Cree	Cherokee	Seminole	Osage	7 Person AI/AN Households	AI/AN Institutionalized	AI/AN Elderly in hospitals/home
	Map 1	Map 2	Map 3	Map 4	Map 5	Map 6	Map 7.1	Map 7.2	Map 7.3	Map 7.4	Map 7.5	Map 8	Map 9	Map 10	
Alabama	18295	22430	15196	2937	96	4135	22019	567	57	18781	240	24	104	239	17
Alaska	86125	98043	74572	11490	475	-37016	21198	522	61	3213	129	93	2077	2022	171
Arizona	204589	255879	200125	27908	1388	100137	36673	1061	187	9785	268	252	6944	2405	397
Arkansas	14320	17808	12607	2479	84	-5060	19194	628	41	17074	189	296	107	173	12
California	248929	333346	238644	39539	1480	90433	294216	14310	1268	97838	2855	2212	6864	4772	267
Colorado	28544	44241	30683	4350	150	15532	35448	1564	181	13326	339	425	439	902	40
Connecticut	6800	9639	6691	1219	57	4197	14849	906	94	2961	155	21	91	193	19
Delaware	2199	2731	1817	510	72	88	3338	206	7	1134	44	5	20	33	5
Dis. of Columbia	1559	1713	1157	351	22	1651	3062	218	6	929	39	5	20	97	12
Florida	42619	53541	35214	7519	279	11240	64339	3356	339	29602	3335	232	499	652	59
Georgia	15283	21737	14028	2458	69	1732	31460	1124	99	17481	516	103	260	490	12
Hawaii	5596	3535	2158	413	13	1060	21347	965	90	6231	201	59	50	277	2
Idaho	14677	17645	13037	1971	69	4484	9592	571	101	3598	88	101	223	215	19
Illinois	24077	31006	21903	3179	128	6071	42155	2310	206	15320	313	164	528	568	39
Indiana	14494	15815	10489	1888	65	2300	23448	1625	123	11427	168	133	126	243	24
Iowa	7811	8989	6760	778	25	992	9257	441	62	2768	51	41	117	166	13
Kansas	23250	24936	17744	2832	109	1862	22427	927	82	14215	435	711	179	721	51
Kentucky	6946	8616	5480	1201	48	1327	15936	534	44	9456	102	48	51	208	13
Louisiana	20075	25477	18084	3486	125	4628	17401	756	59	7048	141	112	210	184	21
Maine	6392	7098	5137	801	29	210	6058	260	28	830	27	6	30	235	10
Maryland	14258	15423	10904	2241	83	1352	24014	1508	69	9460	294	72	168	195	23
Massachusetts	12585	15015	10707	1925	97	3491	23035	1521	175	4037	179	41	124	384	36
Michigan	58934	58479	41873	6816	199	-2141	65933	3847	329	19795	396	120	449	618	110
Minnesota	49507	54967	41572	5393	176	7442	26107	586	236	2746	144	45	851	1167	106
Mississippi	8856	11652	8590	1383	81	2815	7903	287	23	3129	107	30	179	168	76
Missouri	22334	25076	16896	3542	138	-3569	35023	2017	92	24468	340	736	165	371	49
Montana	47769	56068	43300	6055	225	14627	10252	11168	694	1733	67	62	932	920	141
Nebraska	12564	14896	11744	1389	57	1434	7308	274	38	1933	44	53	272	208	44
Nevada	20398	26420	18791	3616	127	6896	15802	896	107	5531	170	122	270	220	19
New Hampshire	2433	2964	1888	338	17	306	4921	434	76	868	41	4	15	95	1
New Jersey	14647	19492	13566	2734	129	-10852	29612	1587	82	7045	393	41	271	280	51
New Mexico	134035	173483	134179	20461	1192	54820	17992	408	81	4492	200	207	4002	1853	425
New York	59081	82461	61279	10408	489	23675	89120	3779	266	15122	806	92	1187	1122	137
North Carolina	82606	99551	71541	13798	531	17265	32185	1902	82	23997	336	102	629	1111	246
North Dakota	25305	31329	24886	2900	99	5980	3899	85	30	283	13	8	527	537	83
Ohio	22331	24486	16179	3216	133	-5865	51589	3953	208	25171	489	124	166	316	37
Oklahoma	252468	273230	206612	36942	1782	28715	118719	1123	122	156831	10205	6384	1907	2659	750
Oregon	41626	45211	32577	5340	181	3643	40456	2427	281	14767	328	495	483	552	58
Pennsylvania	15976	18348	12714	2718	122	2407	34302	2284	144	10756	427	74	169	358	38
Rhode Island	4267	5121	3964	686	40	855	5604	310	38	861	29	6	57	146	7
South Carolina	8935	13718	9323	1700	51	4771	13738	485	43	7893	175	41	82	330	15
South Dakota	50369	62283	50783	5731	243	11769	5998	110	23	505	56	5	1734	1304	176
Tennessee	12473	15152	9652	2101	52	2744	24036	793	48	16687	153	96	110	187	11
Texas	69872	118362	82408	14286	502	48564	97237	2857	229	45151	1310	1150	1558	1206	134
Utah	24371	29684	22956	2290	113	5284	10761	379	87	2610	93	60	661	728	85
Vermont	2215	2420	1583	308	3	244	3976	297	30	542	9	8	19	50	3
Virginia	16391	21172	13956	2889	97	4827	31692	1550	124	14250	356	150	154	599	35
Washington	83212	93301	68029	10667	344	10089	65639	5317	672	17652	482	424	1242	1468	80
West Virginia	3099	3606	2244	647	21	507	7038	410	12	3659	27	9	18	60	1
Wisconsin	39725	47228	35131	5095	189	7503	22158	685	110	3679	104	58	526	447	96
Wyoming	9921	11133	8353	1237	42	1212	3879	220	48	1263	23	35	211	121	36
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>2015143</b>	<b>2475956</b>	<b>1819306</b>	<b>296159</b>	<b>12288</b>	<b>460813</b>	<b>1643345</b>	<b>85750</b>	<b>7734</b>	<b>729533</b>	<b>27431</b>	<b>15897</b>	<b>38077</b>	<b>34575</b>	<b>4372</b>



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